Numerical Analysis II Homework 2

Ivan L. Ihwani

- 1. Prove that if we take any set of 23 nodes in the interval [-1, 1] and interpolate the function $f(x) = \cosh x$ with a polynomial p of degree 22, then the relative error $\frac{|p(x)-f(x)|}{|f(x)|}$ is no greater than 5×10^{-16} on [-1, 1].
- 2. Write the Lagrange and Newton interpolating polynomials for these data:

| x | 2 | 0 | 3 |
|------|----|---|----|
| f(x) | 11 | 7 | 28 |

- 3. If we interpolate the function $f(x) = e^{x-1}$ with a polynomial p of degree 12 using 13 nodes in [-1, 1], what is a good upper bound for |f(x) p(x)| on [-1, 1]?
- 4. Prove that if f is a polynomial of degree k, then for n > k,

$$f[x_0, x_1, \ldots, x_n] = 0.$$

5. Find the Newton interpolating polynomial for these data:

| x | 1 | 3/2 | 0 | 2 |
|------|---|------|---|-----|
| f(x) | 3 | 13/4 | 3 | 5/3 |

6. The polynomial p(x) = 2 - (x + 1) + x(x + 1) - 2x(x + 1)(x - 1) interpolates the first four points in the table:

| x | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------------|----|---|---|----|----|
| $f(\mathbf{x})$ | 2 | 1 | 2 | -7 | 10 |

By adding one additional term to *p*, find a polynomial that interpolates the whole table.